CURIOSITY AT HOME ICE CREAM IN A BAG



Grab some plastic bags, combine some ingredients, and shake it up! Try out a little chemistry in the kitchen and turn liquids into solids in a tasty experiment.

MATERIALS

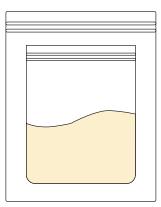
- · 1/2 Teaspoon Vanilla extract
- · 1 Tablespoon Sugar
- · 4 Cups Ice
- · 4 Tablespoons Rock salt
- · 3 Ziploc bags (2-quart size bags and 1-gallon size bag)
- · Gloves or a towel (If desired, to keep hands warm)
- $\cdot\,$ Bowls and spoon to eat ice cream with when finished!
- · Science notebook or paper
- \cdot Something to write with

PROCEDURE

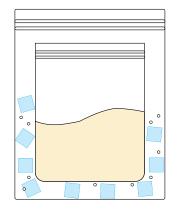
- · Start by gathering your ingredients.
- Mix the milk, vanilla, and sugar together in one of the quart size bags. Seal tightly! Allow as little air to remain in the bag as possible. Too much air in the bag may cause the bag to open while shaking, which could create a big mess.
- Place the filled Ziploc bag into the other quart size bag. This extra bag is used just in case the other leaks or comes open.
- $\cdot\;$ Then place your double-bagged mixture into the gallon sized bag.
- $\cdot\;$ Fill the gallon bag with ice and sprinkle the rock salt on top.
- $\cdot\,$ Squeeze out as much of the air as you can. Seal the gallon bag.
- Make sure the ice surrounds the ice cream mixture and shake for 5-8 minutes.



Mix the milk, vanilla and sugar together in bag.



Put doubled-up quart bags into gallon sized bag.



Fill gallon bag with ice and sprinkle the rock salt on top.





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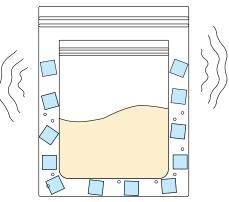
- If your hands are cold, use gloves or a towel.
 Alternatively, you can roll your bag across a kitchen countertop or table.
- After you've shaken the mixture for 5-8 minutes, you should notice that the ice cream has started to firm up. If not, feel free to keep shaking it for a bit.
- When you're ready, open up the bags, scoop the ice cream into your bowls, and enjoy!

WHAT'S HAPPENING?

To create the creamy texture of ice cream, ingredients need to be quickly cooled. Adding ice helps, but salt and chemistry can make things even colder – faster! Liquids have a freezing point or temperature that when reached causes molecules to join together, phase changing into a solid. Pure liquid water has a freezing point of 32 degrees Fahrenheit, this is when solid ice forms. When salt is dissolved into water, the added particles get in the way of water molecules trying to combine. This lowers the freezing point, allowing the salt-water solution to get even colder than pure water ice cubes.



Adding salt to icy roads helps the ice melt.



Make sure ice surrounds the ice cream mixture and shake for 5-8 minutes





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K-2 GRADE EXPLORATION

- Record the states of matter you observed during this experiment. Describe some of the physical properties of these types of matter. For example, what was the color or texture like? Did it have a fixed shape?
- Which types of matter in this experiment were solid, and which were liquid? Did any change from solid to liquid or from liquid to solid?
- What are some other ingredients you'd like to try in ice cream?
- Make another batch of ice cream, but make a recipe modification. For example, change the amount of milk or amount of sugar. Keep track of the changes you made to the recipe in your science notebook and which one tastes best and has the best texture.



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